



GREATER SAINT JOHN'S Vital Signs®



2009

Our Region's Annual Check-Up
Expanded Online Report



THE GREATER SAINT JOHN
COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
HELPING YOUR GIFT BENEFIT GREATER SAINT JOHN

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Introduction

Population and Demographics

According to the most recent Census in 2006, the population of the Saint John Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) (which includes the parishes of Petersville, Greenwich, Kingston, Hampton, Upham, Saint Martins, Rothesay, Simonds, Westfield, Lepreau and Musquash, the towns of Hampton, Quispamsis, Rothesay, and Grand Bay- Westfield, the City of Saint John, and the Village of Saint Martins) was 122,389, which represent 16.8% of the provincial population. The population fell by 289 (0.2%) from its 2001 level of 122,678.

	1996 Population	2001 Population	2006 Population	2006 Median Age	Private Dwellings, 2006	Land area in km ² , 2006	Population Density per km ² , 2006
Saint John CMA	125,705	122,678	122,389	40.5	55,583	3,359.55	36.4
City of Saint John	72,494	69,661	68,043	41.3	32,090	315.49	215.7
Rothesay	11,470	11,505	11,637	39.1	4,536	34.73	335.0
Quispamsis	13,579	13,757	15,239	37.5	5,324	57.06	267.1
Grand-Bay Westfield	4,880	4,949	4,981	40.7	1,895	59.73	83.4
St. Martins	396	374	386	42.7	195	2.29	168.5
Hampton	4,081	3,997	4,004	40.0	1,440	21.00	190.6
NB Health Zone 2	177,822	175,849	176,716 (2005)	--	--	10,600.00	--

Source: Statistics Canada, Community Profiles for [Saint John CMA](#), [Saint John](#), [Rothesay](#), [Quispamsis](#), [Grand-Bay Westfield](#), [St. Martin's](#), & [Hampton](#)

Post Censal Estimates of the Population

According to the most recent estimates, the Saint John CMA's population in 2008 was 125,766, up 531 people over the 2007 estimate.

Source: Statistics Canada, Small Area Administrative Data

Share of Youth (15 and under) and Senior Citizens (65 and over) in the Population

In 2007, youth (15 & under) represented 16.6% and senior citizens (65 & over) represented 13.4% of the Saint John CMA's population. The share of youth was down from 17% in 2006 and the share of seniors was up from 13.2% in 2006.

	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006	2007
Share of Youth	21.8	21.0	20.2	18.8	17.0	16.6
Share of Elderly	12.1	12.2	12.5	12.9	13.2	13.4

Source: Statistics Canada, Small Area Administrative Data

Structure of Employment by Industry

In 2009, 22.4% of the Saint John CMA's employed labour force was working in the goods producing sector, while 77.6% was working in the service producing sector reflecting a continued shift to the service sector over more than a decade. In New Brunswick 22.9% was employed in the goods producing sector and 77.1% was employed in the service producing sector.

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Gross Domestic Product

Real GDP in the Saint John CMA reached \$4,364 million in 2008, down 0.2% from its 2007 level. National GDP decreased by 0.3% and Provincial GDP decreased 0.7% in 2008.

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
GDP (millions)	3,834	3,635	3,765	3,863	3,980	4,067	4,160	4,372	4,364
GDP per worker	N/A	62,849	64,468	65,509	66,856	67,682	68,577	69,058	68,649

Source: Center for Spatial Economics

Gap Between Rich & Poor

Food Bank Use

Thirteen food banks in southern New Brunswick (Saint John, Kings and Charlotte counties) served over 22,000 baskets of food in 2008. This was down 8.7% from 2007. Of the 53,916 persons served in 2008, nearly 30% were children.

Food Bank Use in the Saint John Region			
	2007	2008	Percent Changed
Baskets	24,495	22,363	-8.7
Adults	43,843	37,803	-13.8
Children	16,991	16,113	-5.2
Total People	60,834	53,916	-11.4

Source: Harbour Lights Campaign, Special Request

Average Monthly Social Assistance Case Loads

The average number of social assistance case loads (by household) per month in the Saint John region (Sussex to St. Stephen) in 2007-08 was 6,479, trending downward from 6,908 in 2005-06.

Average Monthly Social Assistance Case Loads					
	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Interim Assistance	660	611	598	579	523
Extended Benefits	1,182	1,201	1,237	1,292	1,331
Transitional Assistance	5,154	5,019	5,073	4,914	4,625
Total Monthly Case Load	6,996	6,831	6,908	6,785	6,479

Source: [NB Department of Social Development Annual Report 2007-08](#), [2006-2007](#), [2005-06](#), [2004-05](#)

Social Assistance Recipients in Saint John

Of all the households receiving social assistance in the CMA, nearly 90% reside in the City of Saint John. According to the 2006 Census, the City of Saint John accounted for 56% of the CMA population.

Income Assistance Recipients in the Saint John CMA

Family Type	CMA	Saint John City	Percent in Saint John
Single	2,290	2,000	88.2%
Couples & Roommates	235	210	89.6%
Single Parents	1,355	1,210	89.3%
Two Parents	240	215	89.6%

Source: NB Department of Social Development, Special Request

New Brunswick Welfare Incomes as a Percent of After Tax Low Income Cut-Off's (Unofficial Poverty Line)

In 2007, New Brunswick welfare incomes as a percent of the unofficial poverty line and ranked by province were: single employable person, 24% (10th out of 10 provinces); disabled persons, 55% (8th of 10); single parent, 84% (4th of 10); and a couple with two children, 66% (5th of 10).

NB Welfare Income as a Percentage of After Tax Low Income Cut-Off's

	1992	2000	2007	2007 Ranking out of 10 provinces (10 = lowest)	2007 Welfare Incomes
Single Employable	28%	26%	24%	10	\$3,574
Disabled Person	71%	55%	55%	8	\$8,275
Lone Parent, One Child	72%	80%	84%	4	\$15,451
Couple, 2 Children	55%	64%	66%	5	\$18,849

Source: [National Council on Welfare - Welfare Incomes, 2006 and 2007](#)

Number of Beds in Homeless Shelters

Homeless shelters in the Saint John CMA run near capacity on a nightly basis. In the Saint John CMA's 6 homeless shelters (4 emergency, 2 transitional) the number of available beds was 124 (80 emergency, 44 transitional) in 2009, up from 119 in 2008, compared to Fredericton's 102 beds, down from 128 in 2007.

	2007	2008	2009
Emergency Beds	75	75	80
Transitional Beds	44	44	44
Total Beds	119	119	124

Source: *Homeless Individuals & Families Information System*

Safety

Police Officers per 100,000

At 205 police officers per 100,000 in 2008, the number of police officers in the Saint John CMA [Saint John Police Force (241 per 100,000), Rothesay Regional Police Force (118 per 100,000), and the Hampton RCMP, which includes Grand-Bay Westfield (119 per 100,000)] – was up from 201 in 2007. This was 7.3% higher than Canada and 13.8% higher than NB. The total for regional expenditures on policing was \$22,937,400 in 2008, up from \$21,931,054 in 2007.

Police Officers per 100,000							
	1999	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Saint John CMA	150**	N/A	N/A	N/A	143**	201	205
Saint John City	235	240	223	215	227	230	241
Rothesay Regional Police	117	115	116	115	117	128	118
Hampton RCMP	119	117	96	120	119	143	119

** Note - Statistics Canada altered the boundaries for which they collected Police Officers per 100,000 in 2007, resulting in a higher set of numbers.

Police Expenditures in the Saint John CMA				
	2005	2006	2007	2008
Saint John CMA	\$19,568,131	\$20,668,597	\$21,931,054	\$22,937,400
Saint John City	\$16,208,940	\$16,969,816	\$18,014,630	\$18,880,320
Rothesay Regional Police	\$3,007,691	\$3,348,936	\$3,572,356	\$3,641,180
Hampton RCMP	\$351,500	\$349,845	\$344,068	\$415,900

Source: [Statistics Canada, Police Resources in Canada 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2000, 1999](#)

Crime Severity Index

The crime severity index is a number that measures total crime, giving more serious crimes a heavier weight (elevating the number). The Canadian index is 100 for the base year, 2006. The 2008 Crime Severity Index for the Saint John CMA was 102.9, down from 106.5 in 2007, compared to Canada at 90.0 and NB at 71.3.

Crime Severity Index for 2007 and 2008				
	Total Crime 2007	Violent Crime 2007	Total Crime 2008	Violent Crime 2008
Canada	94.6	96.5	90.0	94.6
New Brunswick	70.0	64.2	71.3	67.1
Saint John	106.5	108.8	102.9	109.3
Montreal	94.3	108.1	91.2	106.0
Toronto	65.6	95.0	64.2	95.8

Source: [Statistics Canada, Measuring Crime in Canada and Statistics Canada Police Reported Crime Severity Index Values](#)

Property Crime Rate per 100,000 Population

The Saint John CMA's 2008 property crime rate per 100,000 population was 3,387, down from 3,436 in 2007, compared to Canada at 3,079 and NB at 2,354.

Property Crime Rate per 100,000									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	4,081	4,004	3,976	4,125	3,976	3,744	3,604	3,331	3,079
New Brunswick	2,945	2,838	2,844	3,045	3,009	2,646	2,565	2,330	2,354
Saint John	3,069	3,011	3,411	3,344	2,940	3,064	3,435	3,436	3,387
Fredericton	4,630	4,681	4,865	5,588	5,280	4,574	4,482	3,586	4,229
Toronto	2,967	2,945	2,952	2,879	2,562	2,425	2,509	2,341	2,199
Vancouver	7,307	7,365	7,103	7,499	7,091	6,328	5,849	5,213	4,520

Source: Statistics Canada, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey

Violent Crime Rate per 100,000 Population

The Saint John CMA's 2008 violent crime rate per 100,000 population was 1,463, up from 1,430 in 2007, compared to Canada at 932 and NB at 947.

Violent Crime Rate per 100,000									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	996	995	980	978	957	962	968	951	932
New Brunswick	951	1,000	992	992	942	870	859	874	947
Saint John	1,070	1,147	1,154	1,170	1,013	1,271	1,325	1,430	1,463
Fredericton	960	1,031	899	918	994	904	889	987	921
Toronto	893	898	835	778	719	754	768	752	712
Vancouver	1,141	1,081	1,061	1,077	1,049	1,052	1,103	1,036	990

Source: Statistics Canada, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey

Criminal Code Traffic Rate per 100,000 Population

The Saint John CMA's 2008 Criminal Code traffic crime rate per 100,000 population was 313, down from 336 in 2007, compared to Canada at 429 and NB at 446.

Criminal Code Traffic Crime Rate per 100,000									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	366	388	375	370	378	377	375	401	429
New Brunswick	429	407	394	378	373	403	335	376	446
Saint John	464	343	307	289	265	225	272	336	313
Fredericton	424	355	307	283	316	424	350	415	391
Toronto	236	295	280	244	229	233	214	215	223
Vancouver	242	303	308	303	399	382	363	361	355

Source: Statistics Canada, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey

Motor Vehicle Theft per 100,000 Population

The Saint John CMA's 2008 rate of motor vehicle theft per 100,000 population was 182, up from 167 in 2007, compared to Canada at 376 and NB at 172.

Motor Vehicle Theft Rate per 100,000									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	522	544	516	551	532	496	487	443	376
New Brunswick	220	231	209	233	243	191	186	180	172
Saint John	172	179	186	236	135	148	163	167	182
Fredericton	264	278	239	271	210	139	126	128	115
Toronto	368	372	348	381	325	309	299	284	242
Vancouver	1,065	1,154	1,185	1,255	1,121	960	740	642	500

Source: Statistics Canada, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey

Health and Wellness

Low Birth Weight

Low birth weight babies born in Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2, in 2007-08 were 4.6% of total births, down from 4.9% in 2006-07, and lower than Canada at 6.1% and NB at 4.8%.

Proportion of Low Birth Weight Babies									
	1997	2001	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Canada	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.9	6	6	6.1	6.2	6.1
New Brunswick	5.3	5.2	5	5.7	5.2	5.6	6.3	5.4	4.8
Saint John (Health Zone 2)	6.1	5.1	4.9	5.2	5	5.1	5.7	4.9	4.6
Fredericton (Health Zone 3)	5.1	5	5.1	5.9	5.4	5.8	6.5	5.9	4.6

Source: Statistics Canada, Vital Statistics

Lung Cancer Rates Per 100,000

The City of Saint John's 2005 male lung cancer rate per 100,000 total population was 126.4 (92.5 for females), up from 115.1 (50.9 for females) in 2001, compared to Canada at 69.4 (46.8 for females) and NB at 84.6 (56.1 for females).

Male Lung Cancer Rates				
	1991	1996	2001	2005
Canada	90.7	82.2	75.8	69.4
New Brunswick	98.2	99.5	94.5	84.6
Saint John	136	104.2	115.1	126.4
Fredericton	60.6	89	71.2	75.9
Moncton	96.3	85.9	75.5	76

Female Lung Cancer Rates				
	1991	1996	2001	2005
Canada	37.7	41.9	44.4	46.8
New Brunswick	37.2	41.5	49	56.1
Saint John	50.9	74.5	74.9	92.5
Fredericton	35.8	30.1	29.2	49.2
Moncton	53	35.1	57.1	60.2

Source: [New Brunswick Department of Health Information, from the Conservation Council of New Brunswick - Cancer in New Brunswick Communities](#)

Smoking Rates

In 2008 the smoking rate in Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2 was 22.6%, up from 21.1% in 2007, compared to Canada at 21.4% and NB at 23.3%.

Smoking Rates				
	2003	2005	2007	2008
Canada	23.0	21.8	22.0	21.4
New Brunswick	25.4	22.5	23.4	23.3
Saint John (Health Zone 2)	22.9	22.1	21.1	22.6
Fredericton (Health Zone 3)	26.1	22.9	21.5	21.7

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Community Health Survey

Demand for Nursing Homes

In 2007, Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2 had 942 nursing home beds, up from 932 in 2005. 152 people were on the waiting list, 40 of them medically discharged but still occupying a hospital bed. The average length of stay in nursing homes in 2007 was 3.33 years.

Nursing Home Statistics							
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Residents	901	890	902	912	884	898	928

	2005	2006	2007
Percentage of Male Residents	26.1	26.3	26.1
Percentage of Female Residents	73.9	73.7	73.9
Number of Resident 75 & older	726	733	759
Residents 75 & older as a percent of total population 75 & older	6.30%	6.30%	6.30%
Admissions	302	288	297
Average Age at Admission	82.5	81.7	83.4
Number of Discharges	337	277	272
Average Length of Stay (in Years)	2.92	2.77	3.33
Number of Licensed Beds	932	932	942

Source: [New Brunswick Department of Social Development - Nursing Home Services, Annual Statistical Report 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003, 2002](#)

Obesity Rate & Rate of Physical Activity

In 2008 the obesity rate in the Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2 was 25.1%, up from 20.9% in 2007, higher than Canada at 17.2% and NB at 23.5%. The 2007 self-reported rate of physical activity was 49.3%, down from 49.5% in 2007, compared with Canada at 50.6% and NB at 48.5%.

Obesity Rates				
	2003	2005	2007	2008
Canada	15.3	15.8	16.8	17.2
New Brunswick	20.6	23.0	21.4	23.5
Saint John (Health Zone 2)	22.4	24.9	20.9	25.1
Fredericton (Health Zone 3)	18.9	24.3	16.7	23.9

Proportion of the Population Over 12 Reporting being Active or Moderately Active				
	2003	2005	2007	2008
Canada	51.8	52.2	50.4	50.6
New Brunswick	45.9	46.5	44.8	48.5
Saint John (Health Zone 2)	44.5	48.3	49.5	49.3
Fredericton (Health Zone 3)	44.6	46.0	42.4	50.7

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Community Health Survey

Physicians per 100,000

The number of active physicians (family practitioners and specialists) per 100,000 in Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2 was 201 in 2007, four percent above the national rate. The per capita number of physicians has been rising since 1997, the first year for which data is available.

Physicians per 100,000											
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Canada	184	185	187	188	188	189	188	189	191	191	193
New Brunswick			154	153	155	158	163	167	172	177	185
Saint John (Health Zone 2)	170	170	167	170	171	179	180	186	186	190	201
Fredericton (Health Zone 3)	138	144	143	139	145	144	142	142	150	149	155

Source: [Statistics Canada - Canadian Institute for Health Information, Health Indicators 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003, 2002](#)

Proportion of the Population 12 Years and Over Without a Regular Medical Doctor

In 2008 the proportion of the population 12 years and over without a regular medical doctor in Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2 was 13.1%, up from 9.1% in 2007, compared to Canada at 9.2% and NB at 15.6%.

Proportion of the Population 12 and Over without a Regular Medical Doctor				
	2003	2005	2007	2008
Canada	14.1	14.3	15.1	15.6
New Brunswick	7.6	6.6	8.1	9.2
Saint John (Health Region 2)	9.6	8.5	9.1	13.1
Fredericton (Health Region 3)	6.4	5.0	8.2	7.8

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Community Health Survey

Births to Teens

In Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2, 8.5% of the births in 2008-09 were to teenagers, often viewed as an at-risk group. The City of Saint John, with 39.0% of the health region's population, accounted for 58% of the region's teen births. One third of the teens giving birth in Saint John this year were 17 or younger.

Births to Teens										
	1993-94	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
Births Under 18 Years	93	31	38	41	45	28	32	43	56	42
Overall Teen Births	266	136	134	134	138	120	105	132	160	150
Percent Teen Births	11.5	7.7	7.7	7.9	8	7.4	6.5	7.7	9.3	8.5
Percent Teen Births Under 18	4	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.6	1.7	2	2.5	3.2	2.4

	Saint John Births to Teens	% Of all Zone 2 Births to Teens from Saint John	Saint John Births to Teens < 18	Saint John % of all Births to Teens < 18	Saint John Births to Teens 18/19
2000/01	65	47.8	18	27.7	47
2001/02	71	53.0	16	22.5	55
2002/03	70	52.2	21	30	49
2003/04	83	60.1	29	34.9	54
2004/05	66	55	19	28.8	47
2005/06	66	62.9	25	37.9	41
2006/07	78	59.1	24	30.8	54
2007/08	90	56.3	30	33.3	60
2008/09	87	58.0	29	33.3	58

Source: Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2

Learning

Proportion of the Population (15 & Over) Who Has Not Completed High School

In 2008, 18.7% of people aged 15 and over in the Saint John CMA had not graduated from high school, steadily declining from 25.6% in 2000. The Saint John rate was lower than Canada (21.6%) and NB (26%).

Proportion of the Population (15 & Over) Who Has Not Completed High School										
	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	37.8	28.2	27.2	26.3	25	24.4	23.6	23.2	22.2	21.6
New Brunswick	44.3	33.9	32.3	31.2	29.6	29	28.5	27.1	27	26
Saint John	34.4	25.6	24.2	23.4	21.1	23	22.7	20.1	19.3	18.7
Fredericton-Oromocto	35.8	28.9	27.4	27.5	23.1	23.3	21.5	21.2	23	19.8

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

High School Dropout Rate in School Districts 6 and 8

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
District 6	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.8
District 8	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.6	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3
Province	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4

High School Dropouts in School Districts 6 and 8

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
District 6	91	89	73	93	84	89	78	102	96
District 8	211	214	236	225	246	159	146	155	147
Province	1761	1730	1729	1659	1738	1391	1395	1389	1365

Source: [NB Department of Education, Dropout Report 2007-08](#), [2006-07](#), [2005-06](#), [2004-05](#), [2003-04](#), [2002-03](#), [2001-02](#), [2000-01](#)

Proportion of the Population (15 & Over) with Post-Secondary Credentials

The Saint John CMA's 2008 proportion of population (15 and over) obtaining a university degree, post-secondary certificate or diploma was 49.3%, up from 44.4% in 2000, compared to Canada at 50.4%, NB at 46.2%, and Fredericton at 50.9%.

Proportion of the Population (15 & Over) with Post-Secondary Credentials										
	1990	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	32.7	42.8	44.3	45.1	46.1	46.6	48.0	48.8	49.9	50.4
New Brunswick	28.9	38.9	40.3	39.9	40.9	42.4	42.6	44.1	44.5	46.2
Saint John	31.4	43.3	44.4	44.5	44.4	43.6	45.2	47.2	48.5	49.3
Fredericton-Oromocto	34.6	39.5	43.9	39.7	44.2	44.7	46	48.1	47.2	50.9

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Proportion of the Aboriginal Population (15 & Over) who has Completed High School

In 2006, in the Saint John CMA there were 1,250 people claiming an aboriginal identity. 62.5% of them (15 and over) completed high school, up from 56.3% in 2001, compared to Canada at 56.3% and NB at 60.8%.

Source: Statistics Canada, Census 2001 & 2006 Special Request

Canadian Council on Learning Composite Learning Index

The Composite Learning Index (CLI) measures Canada's progress in the field of learning, reflecting many ways in which Canadians learn –in school, the home, at work or in the community. In 2009 the overall score for the Saint John CMA was 65, down from 73 in 2007. The 2009 score was 13.3% lower than the national score (75) and 3.2% higher than the NB score (63).

Composite Learning Index Scores				
	2006	2007	2008	2009
Canada	73	76	77	75
New Brunswick	60	61	68	63
Saint John	60	65	73	65
Fredericton	68	66	78	77

Source: Canadian Council on Learning.ca, *Composite Learning Index Scores*

Overall School Enrolment in District 6 and 8

The Saint John CMA's 2008 English School enrolment (Districts 6 & 8) was 22,448, down from 22,797 in 2007. École Samuel-de-Champlain, the French school serving the CMA, had a 2008 enrolment of 635, up from 572 in 2007.

Overall School Enrolment for New Brunswick, Districts 6 & 8									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
District 6	10,774	10,762	10,629	10,548	10,463	10,427	10,338	10,369	10,282
District 8	14,390	14,209	14,064	13,751	13,477	13,135	12,745	12,428	12,166
Province	124,942	122,792	120,600	118,869	117,145	114,820	112,013	110,288	108,407

Pupil to Educator Ratios for New Brunswick, District 6 & 8								
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
District 6	17.3	17.2	16.9	16.5	16.5	15.5	14.9	14.4
District 8	16.8	16.6	16.2	16	15.6	15.1	14.2	13.8
Province	16.4	16.1	15.9	15.5	15.2	14.5	13.9	13.3

Source: [NB Department of Education Annual Report 2007-08](#), [2006-07](#), [2005-06](#), [2004-05](#)

University of New Brunswick Saint John Enrolment

	Full-Time	Part-Time	International	Total	Graduates (Fall & Spring)
2003-2004	1,873	524	721	3,118	478
2004-2005	1,936	450	726	3,112	566
2005-2006	1,903	468	654	3,025	557
2006-2007	1,856	436	526	2,818	555
2007-2008	1,808	397	575	2,780	574
2008-2009	1,864	404	348	2,616	521

Source: UNB Saint John

New Brunswick Community College, Saint John Campus Enrolment

	Full-Time	Apprenticeship, Contract, Training, and Part-Time	Total
2003-2004	909	2,401	3,310
2004-2005	1,021	2,305	3,326
2005-2006	1,045	2,276	3,321
2006-2007	1,084	2,091	3,175
2007-2008	1,149	2,248	3,397
2008-2009	1,058	2,236	3,294

Source: NBCC Saint John Campus

Housing

Gross Shelter Income Ratio

The Canadian Mortgage and Housing Corporation defines core housing need as paying more than 30% of gross income on shelter. In 2006, the proportion of persons in the Saint John CMA paying more than 30% of their income on housing was 36.7% for renters (down from 38% in 2001) and 12.7% for home owners (up from 12.5% in 2001).

Percent of Households Spending More than 30% of their Income on Shelter, in 2001 & 2006				
	Renters 2001	Renters 2006	Owners 2001	Owners 2006
Canada	39.6	40.3	16	17.8
New Brunswick	39.1	39.2	12.9	12.6
Saint John	38	36.7	12.5	12.7
Fredericton	39.9	45	11.9	11.7
Montreal	36.4	37.7	15.9	16.6
Toronto	42.2	46.4	21.5	27.1
Vancouver	43.2	43.8	24	27.1

Source: [Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Canadian Housing Observer 2008](#) (for 2001 data),
2006 Data by Special Request

Average Rent and Rental Vacancy Rate

The Saint John CMA's 2008 rental vacancy rate was 3.1%, down from 5.2% in 2007. By April 2009 it had grown to 4%. The 2008 average rent for a two bedroom apartment in the Saint John CMA was \$618, up from \$570 in 2007. By April of 2009 the average rent for a two bedroom apartment had increased to \$643.

Average Rent (\$) for a Two Bedroom Apartment										
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Apr-09
Canada	648	672	694	704	720	732	755	772	804	827
New Brunswick	515	530	543	556	576	586	609	619	635	653
Saint John	460	483	492	504	520	526	556	570	618	643
Moncton	560	561	578	588	611	612	636	643	656	673

Rental Vacancy Rate										
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Apr-09
Canada	3.1	4.1	4.2	4.3	5.3	5.0	6.0	5.3	3.6	4.7
New Brunswick	3.4	5.6	6.3	5.2	5.8	5.7	6.8	5.2	3.1	4.0
Saint John	1.7	1.6	2.3	2.9	5.0	4.7	5.6	4.3	2.4	4.1
Moncton	2.2	1.7	2.1	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.8

Source: [Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Rental Market Statistics April 2009](#) &
[Canadian Housing Observer](#)

MLS Average Residential Prices

The Saint John CMA's 2008 average residential sales price was \$151,471 (up from \$140,544 in 2007), compared to Canada's average price of \$303,607 and New Brunswick's of \$145,762. By the end of the first quarter in 2009 the average price in the Saint John CMA increased to \$165,122.

MLA Average Residential Prices (\$)										
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009Q1
Canada	163,992	171,743	188,754	207,111	226,337	249,165	276,883	305,707	303,607	N/A
New Brunswick	91,624	95,947	100,129	105,858	112,933	120,641	126,854	136,603	145,762	N/A
Saint John CMA	93,697	97,348	103,544	106,473	116,836	119,718	128,202	140,544	151,471	165,122
Moncton	89,065	92,438	99,942	104,577	113,096	124,088	128,547	140,032	143,173	N/A
Halifax	128,003	134,106	148,737	162,486	175,132	189,196	203,178	216,339	229,916	N/A

Source: [Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Housing Now Saint John, Moncton, and Fredericton](#) and [Canadian Housing Observer](#)

Home Ownership Rate

The Saint John CMA's 2006 home ownership rate was 70%, up from 67.4% in 2001, compared to Canada at 68.4% and NB at 75.5%.

Home Ownership Rate								
	1971	1976	1981	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006
Canada	60.3	61.8	62.1	62.1	62.6	63.6	65.8	68.4
New Brunswick	69.4	71.8	73.4	74.2	74.1	73.8	74.5	75.5
Saint John	52	56.8	59.6	61.6	63.4	65.6	67.4	70
Moncton	64.1	66.1	68.2	69.3	69.5	69.2	68.6	70.1
Halifax	53.2	55.7	55.6	58.3	58	59.9	61.7	64

Source: [Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Canadian Housing Observer 2008](#)

Housing Starts

The Saint John CMA's 2008 housing starts totalled 832, up from 687 in 2007 and 346 in 2000.

Housing Starts									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	151,653	162,733	205,034	218,426	233,431	225,481	227,395	228,343	211,056
New Brunswick	3,079	3,462	3,862	4,489	3,947	3,959	4,085	4,242	4,274
Saint John	346	374	397	580	516	501	565	687	832
Fredericton	532	745	548	822	803	792	710	636	698
Saskatoon	968	900	1,489	1,455	1,578	1,062	1,496	2,380	2,319
Lethbridge	847	690	756	747	820	768	766	1,205	913
Red Deer	962	1,331	1,485	1,124	1,343	1,270	1,429	1,558	572

Source: [Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Canadian Housing Observer](#)

Housing Starts by Community		
	2008Q1	2009Q1
Saint John CMA	163	165
Saint John City	86	101
Grand Bay-Westfield	2	0
Quispamsis	16	51
Rothesay	17	6
Remainder of CMA	42	7

Absorbed Housing by Community		
	2008Q1	2009Q1
Saint John CMA	140	135
Saint John City	75	50
Grand Bay-Westfield	6	11
Quispamsis	26	40
Rothesay	6	10
Remainder of CMA	27	24

Average Price (\$) of Absorbed Housing		
	2008	2009 (Year to Date, by April)
Saint John CMA	242,373	257,150
Moncton CMA	217,593	214,296

Source: [Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Housing Now Saint John, Moncton and Fredericton](#)

Getting Started in Our Community

Youth Unemployment

Saint John CMA's 2008 youth unemployment rate (ages 15-24) was 12.9% (up from 12.7% in 2007), compared to Canada at 11.6% and NB at 14.7% in 2008.

Youth Unemployment Rate						
	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	12.7	13.4	12.4	11.6	11.2	11.6
New Brunswick	15.7	15.3	14.9	13.7	11.8	14.7
Saint John	14.3	14.9	12.2	11.1	12.7	12.9
Fredericton - Oromocto	13.4	12.6	14.5	13.2	9.8	9.3

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Net Migration and Natural Increase

On a net basis (gross migration inflow minus outflow, plus natural increase), the Saint John CMA population grew marginally by 235 persons (0.2%) in 2006-07. Since 2001 the Saint John CMA has grown by 349 people.

Net Migration and Natural Increase					
	Total population change	Natural increase	Net international migration	Net interprovincial migration	Net intraprovincial migration
Saint John 2006-07	235	27	455	-261	14
Saint John 2001-07	349	659	1,674	-1,560	-424

Source: Statistics Canada Small Area Administrative Data

New Brunswick Provincial Nominee Program

In 2008, the New Brunswick Provincial Nominee Program (attracts newcomers to meet economic and labour market needs) had 381 immigrants whose intended destination was the Saint John CMA, down from 596 in 2007.

New Brunswick Provincial Nominee Program										
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 (until June 30th)
Families	1	7	9	12	20	47	174	197	132	54
Total	2	21	21	24	50	147	468	596	381	164

Source: New Brunswick Population Growth Secretariat

Births

In 2008-09 Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2 had 1,759 births, up from a low of 1,617 in 2005-06, but less than 2,311 in 1993-94.

Births										
	1993/94	2000/01	2000/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09
Overall Births	2,311	1,759	1,737	1,707	1,734	1,620	1,617	1,714	1,727	1,759

Source: Regional Health Authority B, Zone 2

Arts and Culture

Number of Cultural Events and Arts and Culture Groups

In 2008, there were over 3,500 recorded arts and cultural events/activities (for example concerts, readings and plays). In the last 20 years (1988-2008), Saint John has seen a 550% increase in the number of arts and cultural organizations/groups.

Source: Saint John Cultural Affairs Office

Total Average Household Spending on Arts & Culture

In 2007, households in the Saint John CMA spent an average of \$985 on arts and culture, up 22.6% from 2006. Saint John CMA households spent 17.7% more than the average household in NB and 5.7% more than Canada.

Total Average Household Spending (\$) on Arts & Culture			
	2005	2006	2007
Canada	881	948	932
New Brunswick	767	761	837
Saint John	949	803	985
Toronto	1,059	1,115	1,150
Vancouver	1,065	1,031	958

Source: Statistics Canada, Survey of Household Spending

Personal Spending at Recreational Facilities

In 2007, 25.4% of the Saint John CMA reported spending money at recreational facilities. This was less than Canada at 28.5% but more than NB at 23.2%.

Proportion of the Population Reporting Personal Spending at Recreational Facilities	
	2007
Canada	28.5
New Brunswick	23.2
Saint John	25.4
Montreal	23.9
Toronto	28.1

Source: Statistics Canada, Survey of Household Spending

Municipal Spending on Culture and Recreation in 2008

In 2008, total Saint John CMA municipal government spending on culture and recreation was \$12,291,470 (8% of total spending) [\$7,824,488 Saint John (6.6% of budget), \$2,082,700 Quispamsis (14.6% of budget), \$945,771 Rothesay (7.7% of budget), \$476,118 Grand Bay-Westfield (11.4% of budget), and \$962,393 by Hampton (22.7% of budget)]. This compares to Moncton, \$14,691,841 (13.7% of budget) and Fredericton, \$4,602,800 (5.6% of budget).

Municipal Spending (\$) on Culture and Recreation							
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Percent Changed 2004-08	Percent of 2008 Budget
Saint John	6,022,162	6,613,645	6,938,746	7,239,897	7,824,488	8.07%	6.6
Moncton	11,515,003	11,800,747	12,754,740	13,525,500	14,691,841	8.62%	13.7
Fredericton	3,209,938	3,565,578	3,878,647	4,652,879	4,602,800	-1.08%	5.6
Quispamsis	1,520,185	1,646,256	1,914,291	1,980,129	2,082,700	6.18%	14.6
Rothesay	598,313	696,412	784,699	862,496	945,771	9.66%	7.7
Grand-Bay Westfield	286,362	312,731	324,134	325,084	476,118	46.46%	11.4
Hampton	631,048	699,098	763,034	838,884	962,393	14.72%	22.7

Source: New Brunswick Department of Local Government

Cultural Capital

Saint John has been designated a Cultural Capital of Canada for 2010, the year that marks the city's 225th anniversary. **Saint John 225: The Original City / La ville originale**, a year long program of events that celebrates the creativity, culture, and heritage of the Saint John region begins on January 1, 2010.



Environment

Air Quality

In 2007, Saint John CMA monitoring stations had no exceedances of provincially accepted levels of Carbon Monoxide, Nitrogen Dioxide, or Particulate Matter (PM 10 and 2.5). The number of exceedances for ground level Ozone was 2 (there were none in 2006). There were 16 exceedances of Sulphur Dioxide levels (there were 64 in 2006).

VOC's (Volatile Organic Compounds) are not regulated but are monitored at Forest Hills, Lepreau and Champlain Heights. In 2007 the largest VOC concentrations occurred at Champlain Heights (40-60 ppb), Forest Hills (20-40 ppb) and Lepreau (0-20 ppb). Since 2003, there has been a decreasing trend in VOC's at both Champlain Heights and Forest Hills, while at Lepreau (where VOC's are substantially lower) there has been relatively little change.

The provincial overall Index of air quality (IQUA) reports the Saint John CMA's air quality as good.

Days with Daily Maximum 8h Ozone > 65ppb								
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Average
Saint John	9	1	1	0	2	0	2	2.1
Fredericton	0	1	2	0	0	3	3	1.3
Montreal	25	14	14	3	17	4	14	13
Toronto	28	29	21	8	27	16	19	21.1

TEOM Number of Days with PM2.5 Concentrations > 30 (ug/m3)								
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Average
Saint John	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	1.3
Fredericton	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0.6
Montreal	10	12	15	7	17	4	3	9.7
Toronto	10	13	12	12	18	6	8	11.3

Annual Average of PM2.5 g/m3 in 2007	
	Average g/m3
Forest Hills	7
Hillcrest	6.7
Champlain Heights	8.2
Lorneville	5.4
Manawagonish Rd.	7.3

Source: [New Brunswick Department of the Environment, Air Quality Monitoring Results in New Brunswick 2007, 2006](#), and Environment Canada, Special Request

Exceedances of Provincial Objectives for SO₂ in Saint John (1 hour objective)					
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Millwood Avenue	N/A	N/A	0	2	0
Champlain Heights	1	0	3	1	0
Customs Building (Uptown)	0	2	0	0	0
Forest Hills	1	0	1	0	5
Forest Products	2	0	0	0	0
Hillcrest	0	0	0	0	0
Grandview West 1	153	153	135	61	11
Silver Falls	10	2	4	0	0

Source: [New Brunswick Department of the Environment, Air Quality Monitoring Results in New Brunswick 2007, 2006](#), and Environment Canada, Special Request

Energy Consumption (tracked through Saint John Energy Sales)

In 2007, the City of Saint John consumed 987.1 gigawatts of electricity, up from 935.2 in 2006, but lower than 1,001.8 in 2004.

Saint John Energy, Customer Consumption							
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Annual Sales In GW's	946.5	957.9	994.6	1001.8	978.6	935.2	987.1
Per Customer Sales in MW's	27.1	27.6	28.6	28.8	28	26.7	27.7

Source: [Saint John Energy, Annual Report 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003](#)

Composting and Recycling

In 2008, the Saint John CMA collected 9,233 tons of organic material for composting, up from 8,718 tons in 2007 and 7,145 in 2003. The Saint John CMA's 2008 total tonnage of recycling was 4,608 tons, up from 3,913 tons in 2007. It is now easier to recycle, consumers can take advantage of Fundy Region Solid Waste Commission's new 3 sorts instead of 5 and start recycling milk cartons.

Composting Tonnages						
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Saint John CMA	7,145.15	7,257.44	7,590.7	8,483.43	8,717.89	9,233.08

Recycling Tonnages		
	2007	2008
Saint John CMA	3,912.79	4,607.77

Source: [Fundy Region Solid Waste Commission, Special Request](#)

Solid Waste

Saint John CMA's 2008 total tonnage of solid waste deposited at the local landfill was 68,711 tons, up from 68,207 tons in 2007.

Solid Waste Tonnages		
	2007	2008
Saint John CMA	68,207	68,711.49

Source: Fundy Region Solid Waste Commission, Special Request

Combined - Domestic and Industrial Water Production (Imperial Gallons)

Combined - Domestic and Industrial Water Production (Imperial Gallons)			
	2006	2007	2008
Spruce Lake System	6,712,562,698	7,855,001,462	8,847,960,382
Loch Lomond System	9,394,795,620	9,969,444,288	8,438,671,336
Total	16,107,360,324	17,824,447,757	17,286,633,726

Source: City of Saint John, Department of Municipal Operations and Engineering

Work

Employment Growth and Unemployment

From 2007 to 2008 the Saint John CMA saw a decline in the size of its employed labour force from 66,000 to 65,000 and a rise in its unemployment rate from 4.9% to 6.2%. From June 2008 to June 2009 the employed labour force has grown from 65,200 to 68,400 and the unemployment rate has declined from 6.6% to 5.1%.

Employment Rate									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	61.3	61.1	61.7	62.4	62.7	62.7	63	63.5	63.6
New Brunswick	55.4	55	57	56.7	57.6	57.4	58.1	59.2	59.3
Saint John	60.4	57.1	60.7	58.1	59.8	60	59.9	63.5	62.1
Fredericton City	60.6	62.1	64.8	66.9	66.2	65.5	65.3	69.2	62.4

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Employment in Thousands									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	14,764.2	14,946.2	15,310.4	15,672.3	15,947.0	16,169.7	16,484.3	16,866.4	17,125.8
New Brunswick	331.2	330.1	343.1	343.1	350.1	350.5	355.4	362.8	366.2
Saint John	60.9	57.7	61.6	59.3	61.4	61.9	61.9	66.0	65.0
Fredericton City	40.8	42.2	44.6	46.5	46.5	46.5	46.7	49.9	49.5

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Unemployment Rate									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Canada	6.8	7.2	7.7	7.6	7.2	6.8	6.3	6	6.1
New Brunswick	10	11.1	10.2	10.3	9.8	9.7	8.8	7.5	8.6
Saint John	7.3	9.4	8.3	9.2	7.9	7.1	6.1	4.9	6.2
Fredericton City	7.1	7.3	6.1	6.4	6.6	7	6.2	4.8	4.6

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Saint John in the Past Year		
	June 2008	June 2009
Labour force (thousands)	65.2	68.4
Unemployment Rate	6.6	5.1

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Average, Median, Minimum & Construction Union Wages for 2008

In 2008 the Saint John CMA's average, median, minimum and construction union wages were \$19.17, \$17.00, \$7.75 and \$19.18, respectively. They showed a real increase (adjusted for inflation) since 1997 of 38% for average wages, 36% for median wages, 13% for the minimum wage, and 22% for construction union wages.

Average and Median Wages in 2008 (in current dollars)		
	Average	Median
Canada	21.32	18.77
New Brunswick	17.79	15.5
Saint John	19.17	17
Fredericton - Oromocto	18.47	16
Montreal	20.5	18
Toronto	22.66	19.71

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Average, Median, Minimum and Construction Union Wages in Saint John (in 2008 dollars)					
	1997 (CPI 1998)	2000	2006	2007	2008
Average Wages	13.89	14.85	16.92	18.31	19.17
Median Wages	12.46	13	14.5	15.9	17
Construction Union Wage	15.73	16.29	18.16	18.62	19.18
Minimum Wage in Current Dollars	6.86	6.84	6.95	7.38	7.75
Minimum Wage	5.5	5.75	6.7	7.25	7.75

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Federal Government Employment

In the Saint John CMA the number of people employed by the federal government was 996 in 2007. In 2008 it rose to 1,111, compared to Moncton at 2,950 and St. John's at 4,899.

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Involuntary Part-time Workers

In 2008 the proportion of workers in the Saint John CMA who were looking for full-time work was 0.8%, down from 1.1% in 2007. This was less than both the Canada-wide average of 1.2% and the New Brunswick average of 1.1%.

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Non-Residential Building Permit Values

The 2008 total annual value of non-residential building permits in the Saint John CMA was \$152 million, up from \$91 million in 2007. The Saint John CMA has seen an increase of 390% in the total value of non residential building permits from 2001 to 2008.

Source: Statistics Canada, Building Permits Survey

Belonging and Leadership

Proportion of Household Donors over Tax Filers

The proportion of Saint John CMA's tax filers declaring charitable donations was 23.9% in 2007, compared to Canada at 24% and NB at 22.1%. The Saint John CMA has exhibited a declining trend since 1997 (26.1%).

Charitable Donors as Percentage of Tax Filers								
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Canada	25.5	25.2	25.1	24.9	25.4	25.0	24.6	24.0
New Brunswick	23.5	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.4	23.2	22.8	22.1
Saint John	25.7	25.5	25.2	25.1	25.3	25.0	24.8	23.9
Montreal	22.3	22.2	22.2	22.0	22.3	22.0	21.8	21.4

Source: Statistics Canada, Small Area Administrative Data

Median Charitable Donations

The Saint John CMA's 2007 median charitable donation was \$330, up from \$320 in 2006, compared to Canada at \$250 and NB at \$300.

Median Charitable Donations for Donors								
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Canada	190	200	210	220	230	240	250	250
New Brunswick	260	270	260	270	280	280	290	300
Saint John	280	280	280	290	300	310	320	330
Montreal	120	130	130	130	140	150	150	150
Toronto	250	260	280	300	320	350	360	350

Source: Statistics Canada, Small Area Administrative Data

Voter Turnout in the Last Four Federal Elections

Saint John CMA's voter turnout in the 2008 federal election was 54%, compared to Canada at 58.8% and NB at 62.9%.

Percentage of Voter Turnout in the Last Four Federal Elections				
	2000	2004	2006	2008
Canada	61.2	60.9	64.7	58.8
New Brunswick	67.7	62.8	69.2	62.9
Saint John	60.3	55.0	61.4	54.0
Fredericton	62.8	61.8	68.0	77.3

Source: [Elections Canada Official Voting Results 2008](#), [2006](#), [2004](#), [2000](#)

Sense of Community Belonging

In 2008 the Saint John CMA reported 72.3% of the population feeling a strong or somewhat strong sense of community belonging, up from 70.7% in 2007, compared to Canada at 65% and NB at 71.3%.

Population 12 and over Reporting a Strong or Somewhat Strong Sense of Community Belonging				
	2003	2005	2007	2008
Canada	63.9	64.4	64.6	65.0
New Brunswick	72.3	73.2	67.1	71.3
Saint John (Health Zone 2)	72.4	75.7	70.7	72.3
Fredericton (Health Zone 3)	72.1	70.2	68.6	71.5

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Community Health Survey

Proportion of the Population Spending Money on Social Clubs and Organizations

The proportion of the Saint John CMA spending money on social clubs and organizations was 18.4% in 2007, up from 12.7% in 2006. Saint John CMA households spent 1.6% less than the Canadian average and 9.8% less than the New Brunswick average.

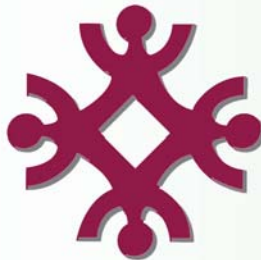
Percentage of the Population Spending Money on Social Clubs or Other Organizations			
	2003	2006	2007
Canada	18.9	18.7	18.7
New Brunswick	22.3	21.3	20.4
Saint John	17.1	12.7	18.4
Montreal	14.8	15.8	14.8
Toronto	12.9	13.3	15.3

Source: Statistics Canada, Survey of Household Spending



**COMMUNITY
FOUNDATIONS
OF CANADA**

VitalSigns® is an annual community check-up conducted by community foundations across Canada that measures the vitality of our cities, identifies significant trends, and assigns grades in at least ten areas critical to quality of life. VitalSigns® is coordinated nationally by Community Foundations of Canada.



Human Development Council

The Human Development Council is a local social planning council that co-ordinates and promotes social development in Greater Saint John. It has two key functions: an information role linking citizens to human services and a proactive role of developing solutions to meet our community's challenges.



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The Greater Saint John Community Foundation



Mission: To serve as a trustee of gifts, support charitable organizations and inspire community leadership.

Vision: To ensure a sustainable future and improve the quality of life in Greater Saint John.

The Greater Saint John Community Foundation was established in 1976 as a trustee for charitable, educational and cultural purposes. It has permanently endowed assets of approximately \$7.6 million. In 2008, it granted more than \$270,000 to more than 75 community organizations. It administers funds given by the public-spirited individuals for the benefit of people of our community. The endowments encompass forty-two distinct funds, all of which benefit Greater Saint John.

Applications from local registered charities for grants are usually received twice yearly, April 15th and September 30th. In 2006 the Greater Saint John Community Foundation engaged the Human Development Council to prepare a precursor to VitalSigns® entitled “Saint John 2006: Taking Stock.” They gratefully acknowledge the expertise and support of the Human Development Council in preparing the 2007, 2008, and 2009 VitalSigns® reports.

Foundation Fast Facts and Financial Highlights

(Audited to Fiscal Year End, October 31)

	2006-2007	2007-2008
Assets	\$9,084,216	\$7,209,059
Donations to Foundation	\$398,808	\$326,088
Expenditures (includes grants)	\$436,097	\$420,673
Grants Awarded	\$318,105	\$276,294
Fund Balance (Year End)	\$9,076,217	\$7,166,604

Cumulative Grants awarded 1976-2008: \$5.02 Million

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Janice Waldschutz
Patrick Wilbur

Greater Saint John Community Foundation Funds

- Common (Community) Fund, 1976 (all charitable causes)
- The Old Ladies Home Fund, 1977 (seniors' causes)
- The C.N. Wilson Fund, 2000 (all charitable causes)
- The Dr. Malcolm M. Somerville Bursaries in Business Fund, 2000 (bursaries)
- The Jane Armstrong and Lawrence Earl Fund, 2001 (all charitable causes)
- The Marie Murphy Walsh Clock Fund 2001
(maintenance of the 1876 clock, all charitable causes)
- The Children's Aid Fund, 2001 (Children's charitable causes)
- The Jane and David Barry Administrative Fund, 2001
(foundation administrative costs)
- The Jervis Bay-Ross Memorial Park Fund, 2002 (Ross Park maintenance)
- The Paul Grannan Fund, 2002 (all charitable causes)
- The Super Steel Band Bursary Fund, 2002 (Bursary)
- The Margaret Willis Awards Fund, 2003 (Annual Awards)
- The Cook Family Fund, 2003 (Bursary and other charitable causes)
- The Saint John Law Society Fund, 2003 (Bursary)
- The Saint John Human Development Council Fund 2004 (HDC Agency fund)
- The Rita McCarthy Fund, 2004 (all charitable causes)
- The Harbour Passage Fund, 2004 (Harbour Passage)
- The Jack, Lois and Cindy Kidd Bursaries Fund, 2004 (Bursaries)
- The Jack Kidd Family-Saint John Boys and Girls Club Fund, 2004
(SJ Club causes)
- Anonymous Fund, 2004 (all charitable causes)
- The Professional Visual Artists' Fund, 2005
(assists professional artists through NB Museum)
- The Dr. J.P. and Anita McInerney Family Fund, 2005 (social services)
- The Gladys and Samuel Davis Fund (Youth 12-21), 2005
- The MacDonald Family Fund (all charitable causes), 2005
- The Anniversary Fund (all charitable causes), 2006
- The Judge John A. and Julia P. Barry Fund, (all charitable causes), 2006
- The Thomas L. McGloan, Q.C. Fund, (all charitable causes), 2006
- The Roland and Louise Black Fund, (all charitable causes), 2006
- The Belleisle Valley Health Centre Fund, (scholarships), 2007
- The Country Music Legacy Fund, (scholarships & School Music), 2007
- The CFUW-Saint John Scholarship Fund, 2007
- The James M. Crosby Fund, (all charitable causes), 2007
- The Brian Lund Memorial Fund, (PRO Kids Agency Fund), 2008
- The Garfield T. Meltzer-Jewish War Veterans Scholarship Fund, 2008
- The St. Barnabas Chapel of Ease Fund, (social services), 2008
- The Alan B. and Joyce E. McLean Fund, (all charitable causes), 2008
- The Faye Somers Fund, (charitable groups supporting the disabled), 2008
- The Walter and Joan Flewelling Fund, 2008 (scholarships)
- The Rachel Dawn Duffley Memorial Scholarship Fund, 2008
- The Constable Royce Isenor Memorial Scholarship Fund, 2009
- The Stompin' Tom Connors Fund, (children & single parents), 2009
- The Ericka Low Fund, (youth & NB Youth Orchestra), 2009



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www.sjhdc.ca

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